

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

VOL XLIV. NO. 7779.

號十三月七年八十八百八十一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JULY 30, 1888.

日二廿六六年子戊

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. Atkin, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. George Street & Co., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GORON, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATES HENRY & Co., 37, Walbrook, E. C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street. W. M. WILLIS, 151, Cannon Street, E. C.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—AMEDEE PRINCE & Co., 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 21, Park Row.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORON, Melbourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., The Apothecaries Co., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAVAGE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. HEINZEN & Co., Manila.

CHINA—Macao, F. A. de CRUZ, Seaview, Quelion & Co. Amoy. N. Moale, Foochow, HEDGE & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & CO.

Intimations.

Mr. H. F. Hayllar,  
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL  
ENGINEER.  
No. 9, QUEEN'S ROAD,  
near Ice House Street.  
Hongkong, July 2, 1888. 1093

HONGKONG ICE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

In accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association, the General Managers have this Day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND, for the Half-year ended 30th ultimo of 7 PER CENT. or \$1.75 per Share.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS, payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, will be issued to Shareholders on the Register on 1st Proxime.

The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd Instant to the 1st Proxime, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATTHESON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, July 18, 1888. 1206

Banks.

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS' BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on weekdays, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sums less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$2,500 in any year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings' Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked on Hongkong Savings' Bank Business is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,  
T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, September 1, 1888. 754

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$7,500,000  
RESERVE FUND, \$3,900,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-  
Prietors, \$7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.  
Chairman—Hon. John Bell IRVING.  
Deputy Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.  
O. D. BOTTOMEY, Esq. S. O. MICHAELSEN,  
Esq.  
W. G. BRODIE, Esq. J. S. MOORE, Esq.  
H. L. DALMUYLLE, Esq. L. PORSCHEK, Esq.  
Esq.  
B. LATTON, Esq. N. A. SHAW, Esq.  
E. A. SOLOMON, Esq.  
Hon. A. P. McKEWEN.

CHEF MANAGER.—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER.—EVAN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS.—London and County  
Bank.

HONGKONG.  
INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits.—  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, April 25, 1888. 763

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all VESSELS DISCHARGING BOMBAY COTTON AND COTTON YARN at the Kowloon Wharves will have FREE STORAGE for 14 days from arrival, after which a Rent of 3 CENTS per bale per month will be Charged.

ISAAC HUGHES,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 7, 1887. 2148

A RAMBLE THROUGH SOUTHERN FORMOSA.—By Mr. G. TAYLOR.  
This Article, which has been reprinted from the *China Review*, contains some of the best Sketches of Formosa Life yet written.

A few roughly-executed Woodcuts are included in the pamphlet.

May be had—Price, \$1—At Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.'s, and Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, Limited, Hongkong; also, Mr. N. MOALE, Amoy.

Hongkong, March 3, 1888. 303

Intimations.

Mr. H. F. Hayllar,  
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL  
ENGINEER.  
No. 9, QUEEN'S ROAD,  
near Ice House Street.  
Hongkong, July 2, 1888. 1093

HONGKONG ICE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

In accordance with the Provisions of No. 104 of the Articles of Association, the General Managers have this Day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND, for the Half-year ended 30th ultimo of 7 PER CENT. or \$1.75 per Share.

DIVIDEND WARRANTS, payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, will be issued to Shareholders on the Register on 1st Proxime.

The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd Instant to the 1st Proxime, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATTHESON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, July 18, 1888. 1206

MOORE'S GOGO SHAMPOO  
WASH.

THIS WASH HAS PROVED ITSELF TO BE THE BEST PREPARATION EVER PRESENTED TO THE PUBLIC.

THE BASE of this compound is made of Gogo Root. The natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; you never see them bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By using this SHAMPOO WASH as directed, you will never be bald. The Proprietor offers the Wash to the public, being entirely confident that by its restorative properties it will surely arrest decaying hair, completely eradicate scurf, dandruff, and cure all diseases of the scalp; it does not contain any poisonous drugs, but, by its cooling properties allays the itching and fever of the scalp.

Mr. Moore has succeeded in being able to put this Wash up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate.

CAMPBELL, MOORE & Co., Ltd., Under Hongkong Hotel.

Hongkong, May 17, 1888. 810

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP.

Moderate Fees.

MR. WONG TAI-FONG,  
Surgeon Dentist,

(Formerly APPRENTICE and LAT-  
TELLY ASSISTANT to Dr. ROGERS.)

At the urgent request of his European and American patients and friends, has TAKEN THE OFFICE formerly occupied by Dr. ROGERS.

No. 2, DUDDELL STREET.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Discount to missionaries and families.

Soie Address.

2, DUDDELL STREET,  
(Next to the New Oriental Bank.)

Hongkong, January 18, 1885. 66

NOTICE.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE CERTIFICATE No. 1374, dated

30th June, 1885, of the Shares Nos. 4516/4525 in this Company, standing in the Name of Mr. GEORGE LEWIS of Shanghai, has been LOST, and at the expiration of One month from the date hereof the above document will not be forthcoming another CERTIFICATE will be issued by the Company and thereafter no other will be acknowledged.

Dated 21st July, 1888.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.

CHAS. J. GAUPP & Co.,

Chronometer, Watch & Clock Makers,

Jewellers, Gold & Silversmiths.

NAUTICAL, SCIENTIFIC AND

INSTRUMENTS.

VISUALIAN'S CELEBRATED

BINOULARS AND TELESCOPES.

RITCHIE, LIPSON & OTHER COMPANIES

ADMISSION & CHARTS,

NAUTICAL BOOKS.

English, SILVER & ELECTRO-PLATEDWARE,

CHRISTIE & Co.'s ELECTRO-PLATEDWARE,

GOLD & SILVER JEWELLERY

in great variety.

DIAMONDS

—

DIAMOND JEWELLERY,

A Splendid Collection of the Latest LONDON PATTERNS, at very moderate prices. 742

THE HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Public are respectfully informed

that the PEAK TRAMWAY was

OPENED for PUBLIC TRAFFIC on WEDNESDAY, 30th May.

THE CARS RUN as follows between St. JOHN'S PLACE and VICTORIA GAP:

8 to 10 a.m. every quarter of an hour.

12 p.m. to half hour.

4 to 8 p.m. quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.

From 12 to 1 past one every quarter of an hour, and from 4 to 8 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

Single Tickets may be obtained in the Cars.

GENTLEMEN are requested NOT TO SMOKE in the Middle Compartment.

Tickets for 30 trips up and 30 trips down, First-class, at \$12.00; and Tickets for six trips up and six trips down, at \$2.50; Free-Coupons and REDUCED TICKETS may be obtained at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGERS.

MACEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.,

General Managers.

VICTORIA EXCHANGE, 50 & 52, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 28th July, 1888. 1251

Price, 50 Cent.

Business Notices.

**LEANE, CRAWFORD & CO.**

HAVE JUST RECEIVED NEW CONSIGNMENTS OF

**PIANOS**

from Europe, and are offering them at VERY MODERATE PRICES.

PIANOS from BROADBENT & SONS, COLLARD & COLLARD, BEECHSTON, CHAPPELL & CO., and HAWKE.

NEW MUSIC is received regularly.

THEY HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF

**STORES**

from CROSSH & BLACKWELL, and other Best Suppliers—these are received monthly and are always guaranteed fresh.

NOW Saxon's ISIGNY BUTTER just arrived. L. C. & Co. would also draw attention to their STOCKS of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE, IRONMONGERY and HOUSE FITTINGS, KEROSENE LAMPS in large variety, NONPARCEL OIL 150° test, KITCHEN UTENSILS, STOVES and RANGES.

Gelemer's Outfitting.—HATS, BOOTS, TENNIS SHOES, UMBRELLAS, RAIN COATS, &c., &c.

REDSTEADS, COTS, PERAMBULATORS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, and TAPESTRIES.

SHIPCHANDLER STORES of every description.

Special Agents for INTERNATIONAL ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION.

WINES AND SPI

## Intimations.

IMPAIRED VISION.

LAWRENCE &amp; MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES



Are clear, cool, &amp; preserving to the Sight.

M. LAWRENCE is now in HONGKONG and may be CONSULTED AT the HONGKONG HOTEL (Room No. 20), daily from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

CONSULTATIONS FREE.

SPECTACLES VS. BLINDNESS.

Vision is justly described as the most important of our senses, and its loss is regarded as one of the greatest afflictions to which mankind is subject.

It is, therefore, of paramount importance that we should carefully use our sight, whilst perfect, and that when, unfortunately, the help of Spectacles is left to be necessary, the utmost care should be taken in the selection of them.

The late eminent Oculist, Dr. Scoburg Wells, testified that he had no hesitation in stating that the haphazard plan of selecting Spectacles—employed by some Opticians—was frequently attended by serious consequences; that eyes were often permanently injured, which might, by skilful adaptation of glasses, have been preserved for years.

S. R. Groom, Esq., F.R.C.S., Barrister-at-Law, Singapore,

Writes:—  
I have used Glasses for twenty years, and have no hesitation in saying that, those supplied to me by you are the best I have ever worn. I wear them with much satisfaction and comfort, and find the frames are especially convenient.To Messrs. LAWRENCE & MAYO,  
Hotel d'Europe, Singapore.LAWRENCE & MAYO,  
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,  
(Opticians to the Principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in England and India.)  
Offices—Old Bond Street, LONDON.  
3 & 4, Haro Street, CALCUTTA.  
22, Rampart Row, BOMBAY.  
Hongkong, July 23, 1888. 1232

## To-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL,  
CITY HALL, HONGKONG.TO-MORROW EVENING,  
the 31st July, 1888.THE AMERICAN MUSICAL  
COMEDY & OPERA COMPANY.Directors [Mr. PEMBERTON W. WILLARD,  
John F. SHERIDAN.

Will appear above in

PAULTON AND JAKOBOWSKI'S COME OPERA  
IN TWO ACTS, entitled

'E R M I N E.'

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

Marquis De Ponvort... Mr. H. Imano.

Eugene... Ch. Fisher.

Chloevia... W. Cripps.

De Pasco... W. H. Watson.

Dufois... J. Manning.

Ravennes... A. Sudell.

Gadeaux... J. Sheridan.

Captain Dellarney... Miss Arline Poore.

Simon... Maude Haro.

Corso... Flo. Morrison.

Jacotto... G. Whiteford.

Princess... E. Leamington.

Conductor—Mr. J. A. ROBERTSON.

DEPARTURES.

July 29:—

Feuchow, for Swatow and Shanghai.

Lukshay, for Saigon.

Fokien, for Swatow.

Anhui, for Singapore and London.

July 30:—

Peking, for Whampoa.

Clawas, for Amoy and Shanghai.

Merlin, British gunboat, for a cruise.

Esopus, British gunboat, for a cruise.

Chintung, for Shanghai.

Atchino, for Hongkong and Pakhoi.

Andots, for Hoihow and Pakhoi.

CLEARED.

Chow-chow-foo, for Saigon.

Pakshan, for Swatow.

Namkiang, for Swatow and Amoy.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per City of Rio de Janeiro, from San Francisco, &amp;c., Mr. G. D. Osmers, and 60 Chinese.

Per Peking, from Shanghai, Messrs. William and Burr, 2 Europeans, and 39 Chinese.

Per Namkiang, from Singapore, 635 Chinese.

DEPARTED.

Per Chingting, for Shanghai, 12 Chinese.

Per Drachet, for Saigon, 12 Chinese.

Per Andots, for Singapore, 8 Europeans, and 222 Chinese.

Per Glazier, for Amoy, 250 Chinese.

Per Maria, for Haiphong, Messrs. Rossiter, Arnal and Bowler, 26 Chinese, and 1 Annamite.

Per Fokien, for Swatow, Mr. Chow Sui Kee; for Tamsui, Master McInnes.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

FOR SHANGAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

The Co.'s Steamship Ozur will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 31st Instant, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.

Hongkong, July 30, 1888. 1235

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

FOR SHANGAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

The Co.'s Steamship Ozur will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 31st August.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent.

Hongkong, July 30, 1888. 1261

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOM HOUSE,  
Kowloon, 30th July, 1888.

NOTICE is hereby given that FRIDAY

NEXT, the 3rd August (6th Moon, and 26th day), being the BIRTHDAY OF HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF CHINA, will be observed a HOLIDAY at the Kowloon Customs and Stations. All examination of Cargo and clearing of Junks will be entirely suspended on that date.

F. A. MORGAN,  
Commissioner of Customs.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP BATAVIA, FROM SAN FRANCISCO, VANCOUVER, YOKOHAMA AND SHANGAI.

THE above Steamer having arrived.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby re-

quested to send in their Bills of Lading for

counter signature, and take immediate de-

livery of their Goods free alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the

Vessel will be at once landed and stored at

Consignee's risk and expense.

ADAMSON, BELL &amp; CO., Agents.

Hongkong, July 30, 1888. 1262

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGAI.

(Taking Cargo &amp; Passengers at through rates for CHEFOO, TIENSIN, NEW-CHIANG, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTZE.)

The Co.'s Steamship Katsang, Captain Sawke, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 2nd August, at 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, July 30, 1888. 1263

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor

Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or

Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

Airon, Norwegian barque, Captain A. Christensen.—Captain.

G. H. WAPPAT, British barque, Captain Coming.—Butterfield &amp; Swire.

ARRIVALS.

July 28, 1888:—

Anton, German steamer, 396, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 28, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

July 29:—

Pei-ma, British steamer, from Whampoa.

City of Rio de Janeiro, American steamer, 3,684, Wm. Ward, San Francisco June 30,

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 28, 1888:—

Anton, German steamer, 396, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 28, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

July 29:—

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1,000, E. Aerobus, Hoihow July 29, General.—WIELER &amp; CO.

Tremont, American steamer, 1

## THE CHINA MAIL.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

THE VACCINATION LAW.  
To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."  
Hongkong, 30th July, 1888.

stiffness was observable in the beginning of the first act, but this soon wore off, and afterwards the action was spiritedly sustained throughout. What little there was of chorus work was sufficiently done, considering the smallness of the resources, and there were notable results of the judicious practice which has been obtained since the company's first appearance in improved and more forcible enunciation, crispness, and precision. When the chorus sang "Auld wall to the front," a surprisingly good volume of tone was heard, but as this is impossible in every case much of the effectiveness of their work is lost owing to the sound being lost in the "click." The same defect in the acoustics of the Theatre interferes to some extent with the solos, and unless the vocalists are close to the foot-lights the voice reaches the audience brief of a great deal of its volume and quality. The principals evidently appreciated this fully on Saturday evening, and although singing at the auditions is not a commendable thing in Opera, it is at least pardonable in this case.

Miss Maud Hale gave a very pleasing presentation of the part of Arline both as the girl and as the restored daughter of Count Arneheim. She scored a success at the outset by the charming rendering she gave of the ballad "I dreamt that I dwelt in marble halls," where her fresh sweet voice, managed with tact, concealed, which is the highest art, touched the heart of the audience and called forth an enthusiastic "encore," to which she responded by repeating the last verse. Nor was this by any means the only "encore" to which she was good enough to respond during the evening. The pleasure afforded by her singing throughout the two acts in which she appeared was very greatly enhanced by her excellent acting. In the scene with the Count when he discovers her with her supposed lover, Miss Hale showed all both in singing and acting the powers of a first-class actress in greater measure than she had previously had an opportunity of showing here.

The royal mezzo soprano was heard to great advantage in the somewhat difficult music which falls to the Queen of the Gypsies, and she used it with great effect. Her declamation was excellent, and indeed in every way she filled the part in a manner which fully entitled her to the applause with which she was frequently awarded.

Mr Charles Fisher gave a very pleasing account of the part of Thaddeus. He was in good voice and sang all through with unvarying success. His rendering of "When other lips" was deservedly received with ringing applause, and, as was the case with all the ballads, an "encore" had to be given. Mr Imamo as Count Arneheim had a part which suited him admirably and he appeared to greater advantage than in any part he has essayed here yet. "The heart bowed down" was given by him with fine effect, and was by no means the least popular of the solos. Mr Whiffen Cripps and Mr Sutcliff in the respective parts of Florestan and the Chief of the Gypsies were well suited to their roles and gave a highly creditable account of the music that fell to their share. The other performers gave excellent support and contributed a good deal to the success with which the opera went from first to last. The dances by Miss Vera Patey and Miss Grace Whiteford formed a pleasant interlude and were greatly admired.

Ermine, a highly successful comic opera by Jakobowski, is announced for to-morrow night.

## THE ALLEGED DRUGGING CASE AT WANCHAI.

Mr Sercombe Smith heard evidence in the Police Court this afternoon in connection with the alleged drugging case which occurred at Wanchai on the 17th inst., when five men employed in a carpenter's shop there were taken ill after their evening meal, and on being removed to hospital were found to be suffering from the effects of a stupefying drug. The case had been remanded at the request of Inspector Hennessy in order that an analysis of the food might be made, and the result of the analysis was stated to-day. The defendant was represented by Mr Wotton.

Mr W. E. Cow, Government Analyst, said he received from the Police on the 18th inst., for analysis, a quantity of a sort of fish stew. Mixed with the food he found a number of sections of a vegetable substance closely resembling the flowers of the thorn apple, a common plant on this island and the mainland. In a subsequent analysis he made a search for the active principle of that drug, but as there was no chemical reaction which would enable him to distinguish it, he handed an alkaloid extract which he had obtained to Dr Atkinson. In witness' presence Dr Atkinson applied this extract to the eye of a monkey and within five minutes the pupil became greatly dilated. Dr Atkinson afterwards applied it to the eye of a patient, with a similar result. Witness was not aware if the drug referred to was used by the Chinese for insomnia, but the corresponding plant in England was used as an opiate.—Chu Cheong, carpenter, residing at Wanchai, one of the complainants in the case, said that on the 17th inst. defendant came to his shop and said he wanted to see the master. Defendant stayed and had food with witness and his son. They had some fish stew. Defendant got a bowl of the stew, but he struck it against the rice basket and spilled it. He did not eat any. When defendant had finished his meal he went out into the street. Witness began to feel giddy before he had finished eating, and he noticed that his ribs were giddy too. He called defendant back and said to him—"If you know how to use the drug, you go and get something to revive us." Witness did not notice anything wrong about the stew except that it had a bitter taste. He was unconscious when he was taken to the hospital and did not know what was done to him there.

In reply to Mr Wotton witness said he saw the defendant come into his kitchen once during the afternoon. Defendant described himself as a claimant, the master and witness out of politeness invited him to eat. Witness suspected defendant because he was the only one who had come to the shop. To the Court witness said he did not ask defendant to refill his bowl after he had spilled his stew. Defendant said "That is right." The Master Shabot mentioned him as a claimant, the master and witness out of politeness invited him to eat. Witness suspected defendant because he was the only one who had come to the shop.

To the Court witness said he did not ask defendant to refill his bowl after he had spilled his stew. Defendant said "That is right." The Master Shabot mentioned him as a claimant, the master and witness out of politeness invited him to eat. Witness suspected defendant because he was the only one who had come to the shop.

We have yet to learn the harrowing details of individual suffering caused by the calamity. The Master Shabot mentioned him as a claimant, the master and witness out of politeness invited him to eat. Witness suspected defendant because he was the only one who had come to the shop.

After further evidence of a similar character, the case was again remanded.

od onwards, a large, red-hot stone flew past and smashed the body. Its blood was scattered all over its mother's body, but she, strange to say, escaped uninjured, and carrying her red burden managed to reach Wakamatsu.

The number of persons buried is still put at upwards of four hundred, and the number of those injured at 900. Among the former were one hundred and fifty visitors to hot springs on the slope of the mountain. There are three of these hot springs, called respectively the upper, lower, and middle springs. They are not, however, much frequented by visitors from the great towns, as, despite the recently constructed railway to Ōsaka, business is still very inconsiderable. The volcano which has thus broken into fatal activity is situated about 45 miles (English) from the celebrated lake of Kawaguchi, and its elevation is about 3,000 feet above the sea. It had been quiet for so far as is known, for about a thousand years, and as the old crater must have been effectively blocked up, its re-opening ought to have been attended by greater disturbance than the accounts thus far received indicate. Moreover, the eruption appears to have taken place from the summit of the two Bandai peaks (Sho-Bandai-san). It is therefore conjectured that the outbreak was caused by the damming of the Okawa river and the consequent inundation of a village called Hibara, situated on its bank. A subscription has already been started in Tokyo for the relief of the sufferers. His Majesty the Emperor has contributed three thousand yen, and sent Viscount Higashizono to report upon the condition of the people.

NOW CLEARLY. Vaccination is a preventive sanitary measure, a most valuable and most important one; and if the Sanitary Board has not been created solely for the purpose of working certain drainage schemes (one reference to the Sanitary Board should be the sole authority, yet you have the Board deliberately divested of all power and authority in the matter, and the jurisdiction conferred upon the Governor in Council and the Registrar General. Apart from this the Vaccination Ordinance is so defective in itself that, in the working, it would probably do more harm than good.—Yours truly,

JNO. J. FRANCIS.

SUPREME COURT.  
IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(Before Hon. James Russell, Acting Chief Justice.)

Monday, July 30.

KAW KONG TAK AND ANOTHER v. LEE MINO KWONG AND OTHERS.

Mr Pollock, who appeared for the plaintiffs, instructed by Mr Wilkinson, said the defendants in this case had absconded and the property they had left had been attached by virtue of garnishee attachment. The petition set forth that the plaintiffs were merchants carrying on business at 53 Bonham Street under the style of Bon Ho and the defendants were general merchants carrying on business in Wing Lok Street under the style of Fuk Hing Loong, and that the defendants owed the plaintiffs the sum of \$2449.35 for goods delivered, broker's commission and bonus fees, for which sum the plaintiff sought judgment.

Mr Kaw Kong Tak gave evidence as to the sale and delivery of the goods mentioned, and the defendants, and the property attached was valued at about \$500.

His Lordship gave judgment for the amount claimed, with costs, and issued execution against the property attached:

KING MILAN AND QUEEN NATALIE.

Berlin, 12th July.—The Queen of Servia is staying at Wiesbaden in the Prussian residence of Hesse-Nassau. Her Majesty refused to attend her son Prince Alexander, who is in the course of twelve years, to the father King Milan, although a process has been issued against the Queen.

Berlin, 13th July.—The semi-official North German Gazette, in a paragraph to-day, advises the Queen Natalie to quit Germany territory forthwith, otherwise the police must support King Milan in obtaining possession of his son.

Let us, however, as politicians, leave the case in the hands of the great American people, and the agitators can make their case fully known and possibly find the Government disposed to mediate."

Mrs Gordon Ballie has been arrested on a charge of committing fraud under false pretences.

Advice from the Congo country to May 29th have been received. The camp at Aruwima was almost wholly without provisions and the men were suffering severely from the lack of food and swamp fever. Several skeletons have been discovered along the route taken by Stanley, probably in consequence of fights with the natives. Major Bartlett, believing that Stanley was 50 miles beyond his camp in the direction of Khartoum, was making preparations to push his way to him.

The Saturday meetings at Trafalgar Square under the auspices of William Sander still continue, and yesterday the crowd having become bolder by reason of the apathy of the police which it is alleged the idle workmen's riot took fear, were more belligerent than ever. There were two arrests, and it is probable that the meetings will be prohibited altogether.

THE TIMES' LITTLE SUIT.

London, July 2nd.—The suit of Frank O'Donnell against the London Times for libel began this morning. The court room was crowded with witnesses and interested spectators. Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is on the bench. The newspaper is represented by several prominent counsel. Mr O'Donnell's interests are cared for by a junior counsel. Mr Rugg opened the case and declared that his client, Mr O'Donnell, did not sympathise with the extremists, but on the contrary detested their methods.

There was no ground whatever, he said, for coupling O'Donnell's name with those who used dynamite and resorted to violence.

The Times has done this in its article on "Parnellites and Ormies." He also mentioned that his client had been injured in a fall from a horse.

THE DUEL BETWEEN FLOUQUET AND BOULANGER.

Paris, 13th July.—Owing to the insult cast in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, M. Floquet has challenged General Boulanger to a mortal combat. A reply from Boulanger is now awaited in order to arrange the place of meeting.

Paris, 13th July, noon.—A duel between M. Floquet and General Boulanger was fought this morning. M. Floquet was slightly wounded on the right hand and left breast and General Boulanger slightly injured on the leg but seriously on the throat.

A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE GOVERNMENT.

London, 13th July.—In the House of Lords last evening, the Duke of Argyle introduced a motion for a vote of confidence in the Government with respect to its Irish policy; after an animated debate the motion was voted without division.

QUEEN NATALIE GIVES UP HER SON.

Berlin, 16th June.—Queen Natalie has yielded up the Crown Prince Alexander to King Milan.

Sundsvall and Umeå, Sweden, valued at 40,000,000 kronas. Twelve thousand persons are rendered homeless. King Oscar is visiting the districts, engaged in exciting an unfriendly feeling against the Mother Country in Australia. The treaty obligations of Great Britain with China are not altogether compatible with the action of the colonists regarding this Chinese immigration. The treaty of Tian-tsin, signed on June 26, 1858, does not appear to contain any clause that bears on the question, but the treaty of Pekin, signed on October 24th, 1861, provides that after the exchange of certain ratifications the Emperor of China will proclaim that Chinese choosing to take service in the British colonies, or in any colony, will be entitled to receive a grant of land, and to be granted a certificate of freedom.

Mr Gladstone delivered an address to-day in Hamptonton to a large number of people. He said that coercion in Ireland had formerly been a painful necessity and a momentary expedient, but now it had been created into a principle of a system and institution which, had there been a few more Liberal states at that time, would have struck a deadly blow. "The majority in that Division," he continued, "will have the bold satisfaction of reflecting that they have riveted the chains of forced labour to a renewed power of injustice and," concluded, "each individual is answerable to God for his action."

The Czar, it is announced, will not go to Copenhagen until autumn. No reason is given for the postponement of his trip, but it is generally understood that it is due to the fact that the Danish capital just at this time contains an unusual number of strangers, whose movements the police find extremely difficult to keep track of and whose objects have not been ascertained.

The general sense of the clause is that arrangements affecting Chinese migration to Russia should be made between the Chinese authorities and the British Minister in China. With this intention the Australian enactments, the number of whom are incompatible, and they cannot agree, one and all to have been dissolved by England. The Chinese Government, however, will take his departure in a few days, and upon this fact the surprise is that he will meet the Emperor William at one of the frontier posts in China.

London, June 2nd.—The Count of Exchequer has ordered the magistracy of Liverpool to inquire into the recent shooting in the vicinity of Longton, 20 miles from the city.

GENERAL BOULANGER AND THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Paris, July 12.—There was a scene in the Chamber of Deputies to-day. General Boulanger quite unexpectedly moved a resolution demanding the dissolution of the Chamber, and made bitter attacks on the present politicians and the present regime. The Premier, M. Flouquet, made a heated reply, severely adverting upon the conduct of the General. Being unable to control his demeanour by the reproaches levelled against him, General Boulanger called M. Flouquet an impudent liar, and afterwards quitted the house, announcing his intention of resigning his seat in such an assembly as the present Chamber of Deputies.

Mr Gladstone, writing to the printing and publishing offices of Edinburgh, supports this resolution against the American Copyright Bill, but that public wedding with its present stage tend to stimulate the jealousy and discontent of American protectionists, thus inflicting an injury upon those who are fighting the battle of justice and good sense.

"Let us," he says, "as politicians, leave the case in the hands of the great American people, and the agitators can make their case fully known and possibly find the Government disposed to mediate."

Mrs Gordon Ballie has been arrested on a charge of committing fraud under false pretences.

Advice from the Congo country to May 29th have been received. The camp at Aruwima was almost wholly without provisions and the men were suffering severely from the lack of food and swamp fever. Several skeletons have been discovered along the route taken by Stanley, probably in consequence of fights with the natives. Major Bartlett, believing that Stanley was 50 miles beyond his camp in the direction of Khartoum, was making preparations to push his way to him.

The Saturday meetings at Trafalgar Square under the auspices of William Sander still continue, and yesterday the crowd having become bolder by reason of the apathy of the police which it is alleged the idle workmen's riot took fear, were more belligerent than ever. There were two arrests, and it is probable that the meetings will be prohibited altogether.

THE TIMES' LITTLE SUIT.

London, July 2nd.—The suit of Frank O'Donnell against the London Times for libel began this morning. The court room was crowded with witnesses and interested spectators. Lord Chief Justice Coleridge is on the bench. The newspaper is represented by several prominent counsel. Mr O'Donnell's interests are cared for by a junior counsel. Mr Rugg opened the case and declared that his client, Mr O'Donnell, did not sympathise with the extremists, but on the contrary detested their methods.

There was no ground whatever, he said, for coupling O'Donnell's name with those who used dynamite and resorted to violence.

The Times has done this in its article on "Parnellites and Ormies."

He also mentioned that his client had been injured in a fall from a horse.

THE DUEL BETWEEN FLOUQUET AND BOULANGER.

Paris, 13th July, noon.—A duel between M. Floquet and General Boulanger was fought this morning. M. Floquet was slightly wounded on the right hand and left breast and General Boulanger slightly injured on the leg but seriously on the throat.

A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE GOVERNMENT.

London, 13th July.—In the House of Lords last evening, the Duke of Argyle introduced a motion for a vote of confidence in the Government with respect to its Irish policy; after an animated debate the motion was voted without division.

QUEEN NATALIE GIVES UP HER SON.

Berlin, 16th June.—Queen Natalie has yielded up the Crown Prince Alexander to King Milan.

## NEWS BY THE CANADIAN MAIL.

The C. P. Co.'s steamer *Patricia* arrived to-day with the Canadian mail of 11th July. We take the following telegrams from our exchanges:

## THE ICELANDIC IMMIGRATION TO MANITOBA.

London, July 2nd.—The season's ice immigration to Manitoba has commenced with the departure from Glasgow of 315 immigrants. 700 to 800 are expected to settle in Manitoba this year, consequent on the good reports of the three returned delegates. No government assistance is being given.

The information therefore is that the volunteers are parboiled so that it is scarcely possible to distinguish between men and women.

A few couples were found suspended in the branches of trees which had caught them as they fell. Up to the 10th the number of bodies recovered is 476. It is believed that 61 still lie entombed. The wounded number 41. Eighty-seven houses have been destroyed. The inhabitants of Inglewood and the adjacent villages fled to Winkler and other places when the eruption occurred, but on the arrival of the Governor or in the scenes of disaster and the general subsidence of the community they recovered confidence and returned to their homes.

We have yet to learn the harrowing details of individual suffering caused by the calamity. The Mount St. Helens mention one. A woman fled from the eruption with her child tied on her back. As she stumbled

through the snow and mud she was crushed to death. Her body was found by a party of searchers who had been sent out to look for survivors.

England runs the risk of offending China, and on the other is in danger of exciting an unfriendly feeling against the Mother Country in Australia. The treaty obligations of Great Britain with China are not altogether compatible with the action of the colonists regarding this Chinese immigration.

The treaty of Tian-tsin, signed on June 26, 1858, does not appear to contain any clause that bears on the question, but the treaty of Pekin, signed on October 24th, 1861, provides that after the exchange of certain ratifications the Emperor of China will proclaim that Chinese choosing to take service in the British colonies, or in any colony, will be entitled to receive a grant of land, and to be granted a certificate of freedom.

Mr Gladstone delivered an address to-day in Hamptonton to a large number of people. He said that coercion in Ireland had formerly been a painful necessity and a momentary expedient, but now it had been created into a principle of a system and institution which, had there been a few more Liberal states at that time, would have struck a deadly blow.

"The majority in that Division," he continued, "will have the bold satisfaction of reflecting that they have riveted the chains of forced labour to a renewed power of injustice and," concluded, "each individual is answerable to God for his action."

The Czar, it is announced, will not go to Copenhagen until autumn. No reason is given for the postponement of his trip, but it is generally understood that it is due to the fact that the Danish capital just at this time contains an unusual number of strangers, whose movements the police find extremely difficult to keep track of and whose objects have not been ascertained.

The general sense of the clause is that arrangements affecting Chinese migration to Russia should be made between the Chinese authorities and the British Minister in China. With this intention the Australian enactments, the number of whom are incompatible, and they cannot agree, one and all to have been dissolved by England.

The Chinese Government, however, will take his departure in a few days

# THE CHINA MAIL.

No. 7779.—JULY 30, 1888.

## Mails.

## Mails.

## Mails.

**U. S. MAIL LINE.**  
**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA  
OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING  
AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

**THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO** will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th August, at 3 p.m., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japanese Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Decatur, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

First-class Fares granted as follows:—  
To San Francisco ..... \$200.00  
To San Francisco and return, } 350.00  
available for 6 months }  
To Liverpool ..... 325.00  
To London ..... 320.00

To other European points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10%. This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m., same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 604, Queen's Road Central.

C. D. HARMAN,  
Agent.

Hongkong, July 20, 1888. 1209

## Occidental & Oriental Steamship Company.

**TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE, VIA THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC & OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.**

**THE Steamship GAELIC** will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on SATURDAY, the 18th August, at 3 p.m.

Connection being made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan ports.

All Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office, until 5 p.m. the day previous to sailing.

First-class Fares granted as follows:—  
To San Francisco ..... \$200.00  
To San Francisco and return, } 350.00  
available for 6 months }  
To Liverpool ..... 325.00  
To London ..... 320.00

To other European points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10%. This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 604, Queen's Road Central.

C. D. HARMAN,  
Agent.

Hongkong, July 23, 1888. 1259

**NOTICE.**  
**COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.**  
**PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.**

**STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN & HAMBURG, PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA & BALTIK PORTS;**  
ALSO, **MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLES, AND PORTS OF BRAZIL, AND LA PLATA;**  
ALSO,

**LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON & SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.**

**THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL CALL AT SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.**

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

**NOTICE.**  
**STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN & HAMBURG, PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA & BALTIK PORTS;**  
ALSO,

**LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON & SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.**

**THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL CALL AT SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.**

**N.B.—Cargos can be taken on through Bills of Lading for the principal places in RUSSIA.**

**ON THURSDAY, the 2nd day of August, 1888, at noon, the Company's S.S. ZAVIAT, Commandant DELAVER, with MAILED PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places.**

**Usage and Specie will be registered for London, as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.**

**Shipping Orders will be granted until noon.**

**Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 1st August, 1888. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agent's Office.)**

**Contents and value of Packages are required.**

**The Steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.**

**For further particulars, apply to MELCHERS & CO., Agents.**

**Hongkong, July 6, 1888. 1123**

## Intimations.

### SUMMER TIME TABLE.

#### THE KOWLOON FERRY.

##### STEAM-LAUNCH

##### MORNING STAR

Runs DAILY IN A FERRY BOAT between Peder's Wharf and Tsim-Tsa-Tau at the following hours:—This Time Table will take effect from the 1ST JUNE, 1888.

LEAVES KOWLOON. LEAVES HONGKONG.

6.00 A.M. 6.30 A.M.

6.45 " 7.00 "

7.30 " 7.45 "

8.00 " 8.15 "

8.45 " 9.00 "

9.00 " 9.30 "

9.45 " \*10.00 "

\*10.15 " \*10.30 "

\*10.45 " 12.00 "

12.30 P.M. 1.00 "

1.45 " 1.45 "

2.00 " 2.15 "

2.30 " 3.00 "

3.30 " 4.00 "

4.15 " 4.30 "

4.50 " 5.10 "

5.25 " 5.40 "

6.00 " 6.15 "

6.45 " 7.00 "

7.15 "

\*There will be no Launch on Monday and Friday, on account of coaling.

The above Time Table will be strictly adhered to, except under unavoidable circumstances. In case of stress of weather, due notice will be given of any stoppages.

## PUBLICATIONS.

### 'CHINA MAIL' OFFICE.

—o—

**CHINA REVIEW**—published once in Two Months.

**VERLADY CHINA MAIL**—for every Weekly Mail.

**CHINA MAIL**—Every Day.

Orders for Printing and Book-binding promptly executed at MODERATE CHARGES.

**'CHINA MAIL' OFFICE,**

2, Wyndham Street (behind the Club.)

NOW READ Y.

PRICE, \$1.00.

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English, and Chinese.)

WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, can now be had at this Office.—Price, 25c each.

CHINA MAIL Office.

## SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

JULY 30, 1888.

Stocks. Nos. of Shares. Value. Paid-up. Position per last Report. Balance, f'ware. Last Dividends. Closing Quotations, Cash.

BANKS. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp. 60,000 \$ 125 all \$ 3,903,000 \$ 20,903.51 at 30/ for 1 year to Dec. 31/87 \$ 156 % prem.

INSURANCES. North-China Insurance Co., Ltd. 5,000 \$ 200 2 all \$ 100,000 \$ 406,132.00 1886 23.65 for 1st 282 1

Yangtze Insurance Co., Ltd. 8,000 \$ 25 all \$ 50,000 \$ 3,059,767 7% for 1886 1st 30 86

Union Insurance Society Co., Ltd. 10,000 \$ 250 8 253 \$ 675,000 \$ 314,012,062 6% for 1886 86

China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd. 14,000 \$ 300 8 253 \$ 600,000 \$ 243,240,040 7% for 1886 73 buyers

Canton Insurance Co., Ltd. 16,000 \$ 250 8 253 \$ 230,000 \$ 429,367,96 10% for 1887 677

Chinaman's Bank, Ltd. 100,000 \$ 200 8 253 \$ 200,000 \$ 125,771,29 8% for 1886 8185

Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. 8,000 \$ 250 8 253 \$ 1,631,486 \$ 252,243.3 22.90 for 1886 847, cash

China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. 20,000 \$ 100 8 20 \$ 650,000 \$ 6 for 1886 878, buyers

Singapore Insurance Company, Ltd. 40,000 \$ 100 8 20 \$ 17,000 \$ 17,000

The Straits Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. 20,000 \$ 100 8 20 \$ 70,432,52 5% for 1886 818

The Straits Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. 30,000 \$ 100 8 20 \$ 260,000 \$ 70,832,52 5% for 1886 826, buyers

STEAMBOAT COMPANIES. HK. C. and M. Steamboat Co., Ltd. 40,000 \$ 20 all \$ 40,000 \$ 3,600,50 7% for 1st 282 1

Douglas Steamship Co., Limited. 20,000 \$ 50 all \$ 127,320 11 151.13 8% \$ 57, buyers

Indo-China S. N. Company, Limited. 18,382 \$ 100 16 10 \$ 4,387,5.95% for 1886/7 15% dis.; ex div.

China and Manila S. S. Co., Ltd. 3,000 \$ 100 100 \$ 10,000 \$ 18,586 %

CHINA MAIL. Hongkong, July 26, 1888. 1247

WASHING BOOKS.

By E. H. PARKER.

Can be obtained from Y. H. & W. L. LANE, Crawford & Co., Hongkong, and at the CHINA MAIL Office.

CHINA MAIL Office.

SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

JULY 30, 1888.

Stocks. Nos. of Shares. Value. Paid-up. Reserve. Balance, f'ware. Last Dividends. Closing Quotations, Cash.

BANKS. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp. 60,000 \$ 125 all \$ 3,903,000 \$ 20,903.51 at 30/ for 1 year to Dec. 31/87 \$ 156 % prem.

INSURANCES. North-China Insurance Co., Ltd. 5,000 \$ 200 2 all \$ 100,000 \$ 406,132.00 1886 23.65 for 1st 282 1

Yangtze Insurance Co., Ltd. 8,000 \$ 25 all \$ 50,000 \$ 3,059,767 7% for 1886 1st 30 86

Union Insurance Society Co., Ltd. 10,000 \$ 250 8 253 \$ 675,000 \$ 314,012,062 6% for 1886 86

China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd. 14,000 \$ 300 8 253 \$ 600,000 \$ 243,240,040 7% for 1886 73 buyers

Canton Insurance Co., Ltd. 16,000 \$ 250 8 253 \$ 230,000 \$ 429,367,96 10% for 1887 677

Chinaman's Bank, Ltd. 100,000 \$ 200 8 20 \$